



Società Italiana di Diritto Internazionale e di  
Diritto dell'Unione Europea

## **Tipologia iniziativa Jean Monnet**

Module

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### **Titolo**

Asylum-Seekers Protection Under Evolution

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### **Codice identificativo**

586964-EPP-1-2017-1-IT-EPPJMO-MODULE

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### **Anno/i finanziamento**

2017-2020

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### **Ente beneficiario**

Università degli Studi di Salerno

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### **Responsabile**

Rossana Palladino

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### **Breve descrizione**

The plight of thousands of migrants putting their lives in peril to cross the Mediterranean has led a wide debate within European Union and EU Member States. Moreover, increasing in the flows of asylum seekers need to be address (over 25.000 unaccompanied foreign minors arrived only in Italy in 2016). Considering that no EU country can or should be left alone to address huge migratory pressures, the European Commission's Agenda on Migration (2015) sets out a European response, combining internal and external policies, making best use of EU agencies and tools, and involving all actors: EU countries and institutions, international organisations, civil society, local authorities and national partners outside the EU. Implementing the EU Agenda on Migration, EU Institutions have adopted a large number of “soft” and “hard” acts (i.e. on resettlement and relocation, on Hotspot, etc.), even better realizing the Treaty of Lisbon goal of a “common policy” on asylum, immigration, and external border control, based on solidarity between Member States. Within the European Area, Member States share common “values” (article 2 TFEU) and undertake to respect of fundamental rights of persons, especially vulnerable persons, as also recognized by the Charter of Fundamental Rights, such as the right to life, the right to personal liberty and security, the principle of non-refoulement as well as the need to treat persons in a dignified manner and the protection of the best interests of the child. Moreover, National authorities must implement EU asylum policies, as well as sea border surveillance in conformity with fundamental rights, even if no consistent needs of “security” often prevails. Thus, this JM Module aims at developing research (and teaching) activities



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on topics related to one of the greater challenge of the EU, examining evolving applicable rules and fundamental rights, as essential for students and post-lauream students who are entering the world of legal and administrative professions and who daily deal with different issues related to asylum seekers, especially unaccompanied foreign minors. To achieve this goal, didactic activities focus on the following topics: 1. Evolving rules on protection of asylum seekers: EU, national and international issues; 2. In need of special protection: the unaccompanied foreign minors between UE policy and national systems. From the methodological perspective, the activities combine both theoretical and practical approach, based on analysis of case studies and case law.

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**Sito internet**

<https://proasyl2018.wordpress.com/>

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**Indirizzo mail del responsabile**

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